D/.C List of ODA Recipients | Effective for reporting on 2024 and 2025 flows

DEVELOPED COUNTRIES

NI <= \$1 135 in 2022)

yrian Arab Rep

le's Republic of Korea

LOWER MIDDLE INCOME COUNTRIES AND TERRITORIES WHICH ARE NOT LDCs (per capita GNI \$1 136 - \$4 465

UPPER MIDDLE INCOME COUNTRIES

AND TERRITORIES WHICH ARE NOT LDCs (per capita GNI \$4 466 - \$13 845 in

Republic of)

Afghanistan (L) Angola (LM) Bangladesh (LM)

Benin (LM) Burkina Faso (L) Burundi (L) Cambodia (LM)

Central African Republic (L)

Chad (L) Comoros (LM)

Democratic Republic of the Congo (L)

Djibouti (LM) Eritrea (L) Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Guinea (LM) Guinea-Bissau (L)

Haiti (LM) Kiribati (LM)

Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM)

Lesotho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Mali (L) Mauritania (LM)

Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM)

Niger (L) Rwanda (L)

Sao Tome and Principe¹ (LM)

Senegal (LM) Sierra Leone (L) Solomon Islands1 (LM) Somalia (L) South Sudan (L)

Sudan (L) Tanzania (LM) Timor-Leste (LM)

Togo (L)

Tuvalu (UM) Uganda (L)

Yemen (L)

Zambia (LM)

Algeria Bhutan Bolivia Cabo Verde Cameroon

Congo Côte d'Ivoire

Egypt Eswatini Ghana Honduras India

Iran Jordan Kenya vrgyzstan anon nesia

Mon Morod Nicaragi Nigeria Pakistan

Papua New Gu **Philippines** Samoa Sri Lanka

Tajikistan Tokelau* Tunisia Ukraine

Uzbekistar Vanuatu Viet Na

Zimb

Albania Argentina Armenia Azerbaijan Belarus Belize Bosnia and Herzeg

Botswana Brazil

China (Peop Colombia Costa Ri Cuba

Don nican Republic

uador I Salvador Equatorial Guinea

Gabon Georgia Grenada Guatemala Guyana² (H) Indonesia Iraq Jamaica Kazakhstan

Kosovo Libya Malaysia Maldives Marshall Islands Mauritius Mexico

Moldova Montenegro Montserrat³ (H) amibia ru4 (H)

Ni **l**acedonia

Palau Panama Paraguay Peru Saint Helena

Saint Lucia

Saint Vincent and Serbia

South Africa

Suriname Thailand Tonga Türkiye

Turkmenistan Venezuela⁵

Wallis and Futuna* West Bank and Gaza Strip

exemption

Partial

0/Rev.1 adopted on 13 December 18 decided that São Tomé and Príncipe and Solomon Islands will Assembly resolution A/73 graduate vears after the adoption ne resolution, i.e., on 13 December 024. Angola's previously scheduled graduation from the LDC category 24 Triennial Review, Angola no longer met the graduation criteria and nmittee for Development Policy's was deferr 2023. At the UN and 2026 ODA reporting if it is confirmed that São Tomé and Príncipe and ist will therefore be revised for 20 therefore will rthe LDC category, and they will appea gainst their respective World Bank groupings on the List.

22. In accordance with the DAC rules for revision of this List. If they remain a (2) Guyana and Panama exceeded the high-income threshold in high-income country until 2025, they will be proposed for grad tion from the List in the 2026 review.

at until October 2025, based on reliable GNI per capita data to be submitted by the (3) The DAC agreed to defer the decision to graduate Monts ned a high-income country, it will be proposed for graduation for 2026. latest on 1 July 2025. If the data show that Montserrat re

(4) The DAC approved the graduation of Nauru from the AC List of ODA Recipients but agreed to defer the date of effect of its graduation until 1 DAC List of ODA Recipients to reflect Nauru's graduation. January 2026. In January 2026, the DAC will update (5) Venezuela has been temporarily unclassified bure World Bank in July 2021 pending release of revised national accounts statistics. Estimated

placement on the List *Countries and territories not classified in World Bank income groups. Estimated placement on the List.

Note: L, LM, UM and H shown after country names refer to the latest World Bank income classifications of: LDCs and any high-income countries that have not yet met the criteria for graduation. For the World Bank's current 2024 fiscal year, low income (L) economies are defined as those with a GNI per capita, calculated using the World Bank Atlas method, of USD 1 135 or less in 2022; lower middle-income (LM) economies are those with a GNI per capita between USD 1 136 and USD 4 465; upper middle-income (UM) economies are those with a GNI per capita between USD 4 466 and USD 13 845; high income (H) economies are those with a GNI per capita of more than USD 13 845.



Grenadines